Sioux Lookout Meno	Ya Win	Health	Centre	Foundation
			Financi	al Statements

March 31, 2022

Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre Foundation Contents

For the year ended March 31, 2022

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Management's Responsibility

To the Board of Directors of Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre Foundation:

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and ensuring that all information in the annual report is consistent with the statements. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgment is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fairness of the financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting systems and related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are authorized, assets are safeguarded and financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of financial statements.

The Board of Directors is composed primarily of Directors who are neither management nor employees of the Foundation. The Board is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities, and for approving the financial information included in the annual report. The Board fulfils these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by management and discussing relevant matters with management and external auditors. The Board is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the Foundation's external auditors.

MNP LLP is appointed by the Board of Directors to audit the financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Board and management to discuss their audit findings.





To the Board of Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre Foundation:

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre Foundation (the "Foundation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as at March 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As is the case with most organizations of this nature, we are unable to independently verify revenue from donations and fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts in the records of the Foundation and we are not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenue, excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, and assets and net assets as at March 31, 2022 and 2021. The March 31, 2021 audit opinion was qualified in respect of this matter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Thunder Bay, Ontario

Chartered Professional Accountants

August 16, 2022 Licensed Public Accountants



Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre Foundation Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2022

2022	2021
4.5.00	
	280,302
	18,434
1,300,612	1,856,012 47,742
•	41,142
2,140,099	2,202,490
-	100,000
-	137,493
2,140,099	2,439,983
7,880	3,700
117.673	430,482
2,014,546	2,005,801
2,132,219	2,436,283
2,140,099	2,439,983
	- 2,140,099 7,880 117,673 2,014,546

Director

Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre Foundation Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31, 2022

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	General Fund	Restricted Funds	2022	2021
Revenue				
Donations (Note 6)	2,350	181,108	183,458	935,329
Fundraising	347,843	-	347,843	377,661
Investments	56,717	_	56,717	55,334
IIVestilients	30,717		30,717	33,334
	406,910	181,108	588,018	1,368,324
Expenses				
Bank charges and interest	104	-	104	873
Communication support	15,971	-	15,971	_
Contract payments	15,525	-	15,525	14,093
Fundraising	263,083	-	263,083	197,307
Investment management fees	17,068	_	17,068	107,007
Miscellaneous	2,028	_	2,028	81
Office	7,716	_	7,716	7,715
Professional fees	4,180		4,180	4,022
Telephone	473	_	473	438
Travel	26	- -	26	
Havoi				
	326,174	-	326,174	224,529
Excess of revenue over expenses before the following	80,736	181,108	261,844	1,143,795
Donations to Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre	333,779	172,363	506,142	221,563
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses before other items	(253,043)	8,745	(244,298)	922,232
Unrealized gain (loss) from increase (decrease) in fair market value of marketable securities	(59,766)	-	(59,766)	132,573
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	(312,809)	8,745	(304,064)	1,054,805
Net assets, beginning of year	430,482	2,005,801	2,436,283	1,381,478
Net assets, end of year	117,673	2,014,546	2,132,219	2,436,283

Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre Foundation Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities		
Operating Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses Change in unrealized (gain) loss from (increase) decrease in fair value of marketable	(304,064)	1,054,805
securities Donations of shares	59,766 (51,306)	(132,573) (885,033)
	(295,604)	37,199
Changes in working capital accounts Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals	14,935 4,181	(7,861) 2
	(276,488)	29,340
Investing		
Purchase of marketable securities Proceeds on disposal of marketable securities Repayment of notes receivable	(860,191) 819,131 185,234	(1,342,221) 1,339,007 44,008
	144,174	40,794
Increase (decrease) in cash resources	(132,314)	70,134
Cash resources, beginning of year	280,302	210,168
Cash resources, end of year	147,988	280,302

For the year ended March 31, 2022

1. Incorporation and nature of the organization

Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre Foundation (the "Foundation") was incorporated without share capital under the laws of Ontario and thus is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act ("the Act"). The Foundation's primary purpose is to perform fundraising activities for the Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre.

Impact on operations of COVID-19

In early March 2020 the impact of the global outbreak of COVID-19 began to have a significant impact on businesses through the restrictions put in place by the Canadian, provincial and municipal governments regarding travel, business operations and isolation/quarantine orders.

The Foundation's operations were impacted by COVID-19 due to the inability to host in-person fundraising events, impacting the ability to fundraise and solicit donations.

The Foundation did not participate in any Government programs in the current fiscal year.

At this time, it is unknown the extent of the impact the COVID-19 outbreak may have on the Foundation as this will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and that cannot be predicted with confidence. These uncertainties arise from the inability to predict the ultimate geographic spread of the disease, and the duration of the outbreak, including the duration of travel restrictions, business closures or disruptions, and quarantine/isolation measures that are currently, or may be put, in place by Canada and other countries to fight the virus. While the extent of the impact is unknown, we anticipate this outbreak may cause increased government regulations which may impact the Foundation's business and financial condition.

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations as issued by the Accounting Standards Board and include the following significant accounting policies:

Fund accounting

The Foundation follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions, and maintains two funds: General Fund and Restricted Funds.

The General Fund is used to account for donation revenues not specifically earmarked for any other fund. Accumulated funds are to be expended for administrative and operational costs. Funds are also expended for charitable purposes to assist the Sioux Lookout Meno Ya Win Health Centre and others to carry out health research projects, to fund major renovations and to provide additional support for patient care programs and services.

The Restricted Funds have been established for donations specifically intended to go towards building, equipment, education and program needs for specific hospital departments and projects.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with banks.

Marketable securities

Marketable securities with prices quoted in an active market are measured at fair value while those that are not quoted in an active market are measured at cost less impairment. They consist of equities which are all traded in the public markets GICs

For the year ended March 31, 2022

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Revenue recognition

The Foundation uses the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions related to specific building, equipment, education and program needs for specific departments and projects are recognized as revenue of the Restricted Funds in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. All other restricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the General Fund because there is not an appropriate restricted fund.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Investment income is recognized in the General Fund when earned.

Contributed materials

Contributions of materials and services are recognized both as contributions and expenses in the statement of operations and changes in net assets when a fair value can be reasonably estimated and when the materials and services are used in the normal course of the Foundation's operations and would otherwise have been purchased.

Measurement uncertainty (use of estimates)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.

Accounts payable and accruals are estimated based on historical charges for unbilled goods and services at year-end.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in excess of revenue over expenses in the periods in which they become known.

Financial instruments

The Foundation recognizes financial instruments when the Foundation becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Arm's length financial instruments

Financial instruments originated/acquired or issued/assumed in an arm's length transaction ("arm's length financial instruments") are initially recorded at their fair value.

At initial recognition, the Foundation may irrevocably elect to subsequently measure any arm's length financial instrument at fair value. The Foundation has not made such an election during the year.

The Foundation subsequently measures investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market and all derivative instruments, except those designated in a qualifying hedging relationship or that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, at fair value. Fair value is determined by published price quotations. Investments in equity instruments not quoted in an active market and derivatives that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. With the exception of financial liabilities indexed to a measure of the Foundation's performance or value of its equity and those instruments designated at fair value, all other financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses. Conversely, transaction costs and financing fees are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

2022

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Financial asset impairment

The Foundation assesses impairment of all its financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost. The Foundation groups assets for impairment testing when there are numerous assets affected by the same factors. Management considers whether the issuer is having significant financial difficulty in determining whether objective evidence of impairment exists. When there is an indication of impairment, the Foundation determines whether it has resulted in a significant adverse change in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows during the year.

With the exception of related party debt instruments and related party equity instruments initially measured at cost, the Foundation reduces the carrying amount of any impaired financial assets to the highest of: the present value of cash flows expected to be generated by holding the assets; the amount that could be realized by selling the assets at the statement of financial position date; and the amount expected to be realized by exercising any rights to collateral held against those assets.

For related party debt instruments initially measured at cost, the Foundation reduces the carrying amount of the asset (or group of assets), to the highest of: the undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by holding the asset, or group of similar assets, excluding the interest and dividend payments of the instrument; the present value of cash flows expected to be generated by holding the assets; the amount that could be realized by selling the assets at the statement of financial position date; and the amount expected to be realized by exercising any rights to collateral held against those assets.

For related party equity instruments initially measured at cost, the Foundation reduces the carrying amount of the asset (or group of assets), to the amount that could be realized by selling the asset(s) at the statement of financial position date.

Any impairment, which is not considered temporary, is included in current year excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses.

The Foundation reverses impairment losses on financial assets when there is a decrease in impairment and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses in the year the reversal occurs.

Foreign currency translation

These financial statements have been presented in Canadian dollars, the principal currency of the Foundation's operations.

Transaction amounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into their Canadian dollar equivalents at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Carrying values of monetary assets and monetary liabilities reflect the exchange rates at the statement of financial position date. Gains and losses on translation or settlement are included in the determination of excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the current period.

3. Accounts receivable

	2022	2021
Investment accrual HST receivable	954 2,545	15,374 3,060
	3,499	18,434

For the year ended March 31, 2022

Marketable securities - short-term	2022	2021
Measured at fair value:	2022	2021
Cash account (Cost - \$100,077; 2021 - \$132,674)	100,077	132,674
Equities (Cost - \$1,840,619; 2021 - \$1,215,712)	1,788,535	1,214,338
GIC, matured July 2021	-,,,,,,,,,	140,000
GIC, matured July 2021	-	80,000
GIC, matured October 2021	-	50,000
GIC. matured October 2021	-	70,000
GIC, matured February 2022	-	84.000
GIC, matured February 2022	-	85,000
GIC, bearing interest at 2.19%, maturing October 2022 (Cost - \$100,000)	100,000	-
	1,988,612	1,856,012
Restricted funds	2022	202
	_	
Chemotherapy	750	14,233
Diagnostic Imaging	1,155,361	1,018,393
General Equipment	183,032	302,933
Extended Care	74,994	73,094
Janelle Wesley	29,949	'
CCAS Vouth Drograms		29,949
	26,023	24,112
Palliative Care	26,023 2,303	24,112 1,753
Palliative Care Women's Health	26,023 2,303 135,674	24,112 1,753 135,224
CCAS Youth Programs Palliative Care Women's Health Long-Term Care	26,023 2,303 135,674 396,991	24,112 1,753 135,224 396,641
Palliative Care Women's Health	26,023 2,303 135,674	24,112 1,753 135,224

6. Contributed materials and services

Included in donations in the statement of operations and changes in net assets is \$51,306 (2021 - \$885,033) representing the estimated fair value of contributions of marketable securities.

7. Financial instruments

The Foundation, as part of its operations, carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Foundation is not exposed to significant interest, currency, credit, liquidity or other price risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. Changes in market interest rates may have an effect on the cash flows associated with some financial assets and liabilities, known as cash flow risk, and on the fair value of other financial assets or liabilities, known as price risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Foundation will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Foundation enters into transactions to purchase goods and services on credit, for which repayment is required at various maturity dates.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

7. Financial instruments (Continued from previous page)

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Foundation enters into transactions to purchase investments denominated in US dollar currency for which the related revenues and marketable securities balance are subject to exchange rate fluctuations. As at March 31, 2022, the following items are denominated in US dollar currency:

2022 2021 CAD\$ CAD\$

Marketable securities 418,391 283,749

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Foundation's investments in publicly-traded securities and corporate bonds exposes the Foundation to price risk as these investments are subject to price changes in an open market due to a variety of reasons including changes in market rates of interest, general economic indicators and restrictions on credit markets.